

COMPARATIVE STUDY OF THREE COMMON BILE DUCT CLOSURE TECHNIQUES AFTER CHOLEDOCHOLITHOTOMY: SAFETY AND EFFICACY

Mohammed Omar

UEG Week Copenhagen 2023

Poster

Hepatobiliary

October 15, 2023

A retrospective study of 211 patients compared three common bile duct closure techniques after exploration for stones, finding antegrade biliary stenting associated with lower complication rates and faster recovery than T-tube drainage or primary closure.

KEY POINTS

- The biliary stenting group (87 patients) had statistically significantly lower rates of overall biliary complications and bile leak compared to T-tube drainage (63 patients) and primary duct closure (61 patients) groups.
- Hospital stays, drain carried time, return to normal activity, re-intervention rates, and re-admission rates were all statistically significantly lower in the biliary stenting group.
- No statistically significant differences were found among the three groups for operative time, choledochotomy time, retained or recurrent stones, stricture, biliary peritonitis, cholangitis, or cost.
- The authors conclude that biliary stenting should be the preferred first option for common bile duct closure after exploration based on these findings from 2016 to 2020.

VIEW THIS CONTENT ON GUTFLIX

<https://gutflix.eu/search/d/749fa906-743c-11ee-b639-0242ac140004>



AI-generated summary

This summary was generated by an AI large language model based on the content transcript. It is for informational purposes only and should not be considered a substitute for clinical judgment. Always rely on your professional expertise and the full clinical context when making clinical decisions.