

GLUTEN HEPATITIS: A CASE OF AN IDIOPATHIC RISE IN LIVER ENZYMES AND THEIR NORMALIZATION ON A GLUTEN FREE DIET

Roberto De Giorgio

UEG Week Berlin 2025

Poster

Small Intestine & Nutrition

October 4, 2025

A case report describes the first documented association between non-celiac gluten wheat sensitivity and persistently elevated liver transaminases that normalized with a gluten-free diet.

KEY POINTS

- The patient presented with altered bowel habits, migraines, and persistently elevated ALT and AST since childhood, with normal gamma GT, alkaline phosphatase, and bilirubin.
- Extensive workup excluded viral hepatitis, autoimmune hepatitis, metabolic liver disease, and celiac disease; imaging and elastography were normal.
- Testing revealed elevated native IgG anti-gliadin above 100 U/ml and elevated serum zonulin at 47.4 ng/ml (upper limit of normal less than 38), leading to a diagnosis of non-celiac gluten wheat sensitivity following Salerno criteria.
- A gluten-free diet normalized bowel habits, migraines, and liver enzyme levels.
- The authors hypothesize that gut barrier dysfunction may lead to translocation of toxins and antigens to the liver, but note the pathogenesis remains unclear and further evidence is needed.

VIEW THIS CONTENT ON GUTFLIX

<https://gutflix.eu/search/d/fc83e66e-a812-11f0-92a9-0242ac140006>



AI-generated summary

This summary was generated by an AI large language model based on the content transcript. It is for informational purposes only and should not be considered a substitute for clinical judgment. Always rely on your professional expertise and the full clinical context when making clinical decisions.