

ENDOSCOPIC PAPILLECTOMY FOR AMPULLARY LESIONS OF MINOR PAPILLA

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Poster

Pancreas

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Endoscopic papillectomy for ampullary lesions of the minor duodenal papilla achieved 90% complete resection with no severe complications in a 20-patient multicentric case series.

KEY POINTS

- Ampullary lesions of the minor duodenal papilla are extremely rare, representing 1.4% of 1422 endoscopic papillectomies in the ESAP study database.
- The most common histological finding was ampullary adenoma in 12 of 20 patients, with 3 showing low-grade dysplasia and 9 showing high-grade dysplasia.
- Complete resection was achieved in 90% of cases with no severe complications, one case of post-procedure bleeding requiring intervention, and two recurrences detected during median 27.7-month follow-up.
- The authors conclude that endoscopic papillectomy appears safe and effective for minor papillary lesions, with management similar to that of major duodenal papilla lesions.

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